

**UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

**FORM 10-Q**

**QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2013

or

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from      to

Commission File Number: 333-186415

**Snap Online Marketing Inc.**

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

**Nevada**

(State or Other Jurisdiction of  
Incorporation or Organization)

**45-5523835**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**225 Cedar Hill St.  
Marlborough, MA**

(Address of Principal Executive Offices)

**01752**

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number including area code: (508) 630-2152

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

**Applicable Only to Corporate Issuers:**

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date:

Class	Outstanding as of November 7, 2013
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value	8,100,000

# SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.

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## PART 1 – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**September 30, 2013 and 2012**

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**SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.**  
**(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)**  
**BALANCE SHEETS**

	September 30, 2013	December 31, 2012
	<b>(Unaudited)</b>	
<b><u>ASSETS</u></b>		
<b>Current Assets:</b>		
Cash	\$ 7,324	\$ 13,053
Accounts receivable	10,950	-
Prepaid expenses	412	625
Total current assets	18,686	13,678
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>\$ 18,686</b>	<b>\$ 13,678</b>
<b><u>LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY(DEFICIT)</u></b>		
<b>Current Liabilities:</b>		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 11,557	\$ 7,324
Accrued compensation - officers	8,800	1,600
Total current liabilities	20,357	8,924
Total liabilities	20,357	8,924
<b>Commitments and Contingencies</b>		
<b>Stockholders' Equity(Deficit):</b>		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value, 75,000,000 shares authorized; 8,100,000 and 5,000,000 shares issued and outstanding, respectively	8,100	5,000
Additional paid-in capital	27,900	-
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(37,671)	(246)
Total stockholders' equity(deficit)	(1,671)	4,754
<b>Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity(Deficit)</b>	<b>\$ 18,686</b>	<b>\$ 13,678</b>

*See accompanying notes to the financial statements.*

**SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.**  
**(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)**  
**STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS**

	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	For the Three Months Ended September 30, 2012 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	For the Period from June 4, 2012 (inception) through September 30, 2012 <u>(Unaudited)</u>	For the Period from June 4, 2012 (inception) through September 30, 2013 <u>(Unaudited)</u>
<b>Revenue earned during the development stage</b>	\$ 10,950	\$ -	\$ 25,930	\$ -	\$ 37,212
<b>Cost of revenue-officers</b>	<u>7,170</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,260</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,540</u>
<b>Gross margin</b>	<u>3,780</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>9,670</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,672</u>
<b>Operating Expenses:</b>					
Compensation - officers	480	-	1,440	-	1,760
General and administrative	2,761	-	14,115	425	16,543
Professional fees	<u>17,094</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,064</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>38,564</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>20,335</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>46,619</u>	<u>425</u>	<u>56,867</u>
<b>Loss from operations</b>	(16,555)	-	(36,949)	(425)	(37,195)
<b>Other (Income) Expense</b>					
Income taxes	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>476</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>476</u>
Other (Income) Expense, net	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>476</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>476</u>
<b>Loss before income tax provision</b>	(16,555)	-	(37,425)	(425)	(37,671)
<b>Income tax provision</b>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net Loss</b>	<u>\$ (16,555)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (37,425)</u>	<u>\$ (425)</u>	<u>\$ (37,671)</u>
<b>Net Loss Per Common Share:</b>					
- Basic and Diluted	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (0.00)</u>	
<b>Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding:</b>					
- Basic and Diluted	<u>8,100,000</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	<u>6,180,610</u>	<u>5,000,000</u>	

*See accompanying notes to the financial statements.*

SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.  
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)  
STATEMENT OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT)  
FOR THE PERIOD FROM JUNE 4, 2012 (INCEPTION) THROUGH SEPTEMBER 30, 2013  
(Unaudited)

	Common stock par value \$0.001		Additional Paid-in Capital	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total Stockholders' Equity (Deficit)
	Number of Shares	Amount			
Balance, June 4, 2012 (Inception)	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Common stock issued for cash, at \$0.001 per share, in December 2012	5,000,000	5,000	-	-	5,000
Net loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(246)</u>	<u>(246)</u>
Balance, December 31, 2012	5,000,000	5,000	-	(246)	4,754
Common stock issued for cash, at \$0.01 per share	3,100,000	3,100	27,900	-	31,000
Net loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(37,425)</u>	<u>(37,425)</u>
Balance, September 30, 2013	<u>8,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 8,100</u>	<u>\$ 27,900</u>	<u>\$ (37,671)</u>	<u>\$ (1,671)</u>

*See accompanying notes to the financial statements.*

**SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.**  
**(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)**  
**STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	For the Period from June 4, 2012 (inception) through September 30, 2012	For the Period from June 4, 2012 (inception) through September 30, 2013
	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)	(Unaudited)
<b>Operating Activities:</b>			
Net loss	\$ (37,425)	\$ (425)	\$ (37,671)
<b>Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:</b>			
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	(10,950)	-	(10,950)
Prepaid expenses	213	-	(412)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,233	425	11,557
Accrued compensation - officers	7,200	-	8,800
<b>Net Cash Used in Operating Activities</b>	<u>(36,729)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(28,676)</u>
<b>Financing Activities:</b>			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	31,000	-	36,000
<b>Net Cash Provided by Financing Activities</b>	<u>31,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>36,000</u>
<b>Net Change in Cash</b>	(5,729)	-	7,324
<b>Cash - Beginning of Period</b>	<u>13,053</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Cash - End of Period</b>	<u>\$ 7,324</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 7,324</u>
<b>Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:</b>			
Interest paid	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Income tax paid	<u>\$ 476</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 476</u>

*See accompanying notes to the financial statements.*

**SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.**  
**(A Development Stage Company)**  
**September 30, 2013 and 2012**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**(Unaudited)**

**Note 1 – organization and operations**

Snap Online Marketing Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Nevada on June 4, 2012. The Company is a provider of services that enable individuals and small businesses to establish, maintain and evolve an online presence. Snap Online Marketing Inc. offers a full range of web services, including web marketing services, social and viral marketing campaigns, search engine optimization consulting, custom web design, website usability consulting and web analytics implementation.

**Note 2 – summary of significant accounting policies**

*Basis of Presentation – Unaudited Interim Financial Information*

The accompanying unaudited interim financial statements and related notes have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) for interim financial information, and with the rules and regulations of the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) to Form 10-Q and Article 8 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. The unaudited interim financial statements furnished reflect all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results for the interim periods presented. Unaudited interim results are not necessarily indicative of the results for the full fiscal year. These unaudited interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2012 and notes thereto contained in the information as part of the Company’s Registration Statement on Form S-1, which was filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission and declared effective on April 26, 2013.

*Development Stage Company*

The Company is a development stage company as defined by section 915-10-20 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Although the Company has recognized nominal amounts of revenue, it is still devoting substantially all of its efforts on establishing the business. All losses accumulated since inception have been considered as part of the Company’s development stage activities.

*Use of Estimates and Assumptions*

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period.

The Company’s significant estimates and assumptions include the fair value of financial instruments; income tax rate, income tax provision and valuation allowance of deferred tax assets; and the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern. Those significant accounting estimates or assumptions bear the risk of change due to the fact that there are uncertainties attached to those estimates or assumptions, and certain estimates or assumptions are difficult to measure or value.

Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources.

Management regularly reviews its estimates utilizing currently available information, changes in facts and circumstances, historical experience and reasonable assumptions. After such reviews, and if deemed appropriate, those estimates are adjusted accordingly. Actual results could differ from those estimates.



### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company follows paragraph 825-10-50-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for disclosures about fair value of its financial instruments and paragraph 820-10-35-37 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (“Paragraph 820-10-35-37”) to measure the fair value of its financial instruments. Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a framework for measuring fair value in accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP), and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. To increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements and related disclosures, Paragraph 820-10-35-37 establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three (3) broad levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. The three (3) levels of fair value hierarchy defined by Paragraph 820-10-35-37 are described below:

Level 1	Quoted market prices available in active markets for identical assets or liabilities as of the reporting date.
Level 2	Pricing inputs other than quoted prices in active markets included in Level 1, which are either directly or indirectly observable as of the reporting date.
Level 3	Pricing inputs that are generally observable inputs and not corroborated by market data.

Financial assets are considered Level 3 when their fair values are determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies or similar techniques and at least one significant model assumption or input is unobservable.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs. If the inputs used to measure the financial assets and liabilities fall within more than one level described above, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

The carrying amount of the Company’s financial assets and liabilities, such as cash, prepaid expenses, accounts payable and accrued expenses and accrued compensation - officers, approximate their fair value because of the short maturity of those instruments.

Transactions involving related parties cannot be presumed to be carried out on an arm's-length basis, as the requisite conditions of competitive, free-market dealings may not exist. Representations about transactions with related parties, if made, shall not imply that the related party transactions were consummated on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's-length transactions unless such representations can be substantiated.

### Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents.

### Related Parties

The Company follows subtopic 850-10 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for the identification of related parties and disclosure of related party transactions.

Pursuant to Section 850-10-20 the Related parties include: a. affiliates of the Company; b. entities for which investments in their equity securities would be required, absent the election of the fair value option under the Fair Value Option Subsection of Section 825-10-15, to be accounted for by the equity method by the investing entity; c. trusts for the benefit of employees, such as pension and profit-sharing trusts that are managed by or under the trusteeship of management; d. principal owners of the Company; e. management of the Company; f. other parties with which the Company may deal if one party controls or can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the other to an extent that one of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests; and g. other parties that can significantly influence the management or operating policies of the transacting parties or that have an ownership interest in one of the transacting parties and can significantly influence the other to an extent that one or more of the transacting parties might be prevented from fully pursuing its own separate interests.

The financial statements shall include disclosures of material related party transactions, other than compensation arrangements, expense allowances, and other similar items in the ordinary course of business. However, disclosure of transactions that are eliminated in the preparation of financial statements is not required in those statements. The disclosures shall include: a. the nature of the relationship(s) involved; b. a description of the transactions, including transactions to which no amounts or nominal amounts were ascribed, for each of the periods for which income statements are presented, and such other information deemed necessary to an understanding of the effects of the transactions on the financial statements; c. the dollar amounts of transactions for each of the periods for which income statements are presented and the effects of any change in the method of establishing the terms from that used in the preceding period; and d. a amounts due from or to related parties as of the date of each balance sheet presented and, if not otherwise apparent, the terms and manner of settlement.

#### Commitments and contingencies

The Company follows subtopic 450-20 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report accounting for contingencies. Certain conditions may exist as of the date the financial statements are issued, which may result in a loss to the Company but which will only be resolved when one or more future events occur or fail to occur. The Company assesses such contingent liabilities, and such assessment inherently involves an exercise of judgment. In assessing loss contingencies related to legal proceedings that are pending against the Company or unasserted claims that may result in such proceedings, the Company evaluates the perceived merits of any legal proceedings or unasserted claims as well as the perceived merits of the amount of relief sought or expected to be sought therein.

If the assessment of a contingency indicates that it is probable that a material loss has been incurred and the amount of the liability can be estimated, then the estimated liability would be accrued in the Company's financial statements. If the assessment indicates that a potential material loss contingency is not probable but is reasonably possible, or is probable but cannot be estimated, then the nature of the contingent liability, and an estimate of the range of possible losses, if determinable and material, would be disclosed.

Loss contingencies considered remote are generally not disclosed unless they involve guarantees, in which case the guarantees would be disclosed. Management does not believe, based upon information available at this time, that these matters will have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows. However, there is no assurance that such matters will not materially and adversely affect the Company's business, financial position, and results of operations or cash flows.

#### Revenue Recognition

The Company applies paragraph 605-10-S99-1 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for revenue recognition. The Company recognizes revenue when it is realized or realizable and earned. The Company considers revenue realized or realizable and earned when all of the following criteria are met: (i) persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, (ii) the product has been shipped or the services have been rendered to the customer, (iii) the sales price is fixed or determinable, and (iv) collectability is reasonably assured.

The Company derives its revenues from sales contracts with its customer with revenues being generated upon rendering of services. Persuasive evidence of an arrangement is demonstrated via invoice; service is considered provided when the service is delivered to the customers; and the sales price to the customer is fixed upon acceptance of the purchase order and there is no separate sales rebate, discount, or volume incentive.

#### Income Tax Provision

The Company accounts for income taxes under Section 740-10-30 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, which requires recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance to the extent management concludes it is more likely than not that the assets will not be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in the statements of operations in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company adopted the provisions of paragraph 740-10-25-13 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Paragraph 740-10-25-13 addresses the determination of whether tax benefits claimed or expected to be claimed on a tax return should be recorded in the financial statements. Under paragraph 740-10-25-13, the Company may recognize the tax benefit from an uncertain tax position only if it is more likely than not that the tax position will be sustained on examination by the taxing authorities, based on the technical merits of the position. The tax benefits recognized in the financial statements from such a position should be measured based on the largest benefit that has a greater than fifty percent (50%) likelihood of being realized upon ultimate settlement. Paragraph 740-10-25-13 also provides guidance on de-recognition, classification, interest and penalties on income taxes, accounting in interim periods and requires increased disclosures.

The estimated future tax effects of temporary differences between the tax basis of assets and liabilities are reported in the accompanying balance sheets, as well as tax credit carry-backs and carry-forwards. The Company periodically reviews the recoverability of deferred tax assets recorded on its balance sheets and provides valuation allowances as management deems necessary.

Management makes judgments as to the interpretation of the tax laws that might be challenged upon an audit and cause changes to previous estimates of tax liability. In addition, the Company operates within multiple taxing jurisdictions and is subject to audit in these jurisdictions. In management's opinion, adequate provisions for income taxes have been made for all years. If actual taxable income by tax jurisdiction varies from estimates, additional allowances or reversals of reserves may be necessary.

#### Uncertain Tax Positions

The Company did not take any uncertain tax positions and had no unrecognized tax liabilities or benefits in accordance with the provisions of Section 740-10-25 for the interim period ended September 30, 2013 or for the Period from June 4, 2012 (Inception) through September 30, 2012.

#### Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

Net income (loss) per common share is computed pursuant to section 260-10-45 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification. Basic net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted net income (loss) per common share is computed by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock and potentially outstanding shares of common stock during the period to reflect the potential dilution that could occur from common shares issuable through contingent shares issuance arrangement, stock options or warrants.

There were no potentially dilutive shares outstanding for the interim period ended September 30, 2013 or for the Period from June 4, 2012 (Inception) through September 30, 2012.

#### Cash Flows Reporting

The Company adopted paragraph 230-10-45-24 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for cash flows reporting, classifies cash receipts and payments according to whether they stem from operating, investing, or financing activities and provides definitions of each category, and uses the indirect or reconciliation method ("Indirect method") as defined by paragraph 230-10-45-25 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification to report net cash flow from operating activities by adjusting net income to reconcile it to net cash flow from operating activities by removing the effects of (a) all deferrals of past operating cash receipts and payments and all accruals of expected future operating cash receipts and payments and (b) all items that are included in net income that do not affect operating cash receipts and payments. The Company reports the reporting currency equivalent of foreign currency cash flows, using the current exchange rate at the time of the cash flows and the effect of exchange rate changes on cash held in foreign currencies is reported as a separate item in the reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of cash and cash equivalents and separately provides information about investing and financing activities not resulting in cash receipts or payments in the period pursuant to paragraph 830-230-45-1 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification.

### Subsequent Events

The Company follows the guidance in Section 855-10-50 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification for the disclosure of subsequent events. The Company will evaluate subsequent events through the date when the financial statements were issued. Pursuant to ASU 2010-09 of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Company as an SEC filer considers its financial statements issued when they are widely distributed to users, such as through filing them on EDGAR.

### Recently issued accounting pronouncements

In January 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-01, "*Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Clarifying the Scope of Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*". This ASU clarifies that the scope of ASU No. 2011-11, "*Balance Sheet (Topic 210): Disclosures about Offsetting Assets and Liabilities*," applies only to derivatives, repurchase agreements and reverse purchase agreements, and securities borrowing and securities lending transactions that are either offset in accordance with specific criteria contained in FASB Accounting Standards Codification or subject to a master netting arrangement or similar agreement. The amendments in this ASU are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

In February 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-02, "*Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Reporting of Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income*." The ASU adds new disclosure requirements for items reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive income by component and their corresponding effect on net income. The ASU is effective for public entities for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013.

In February 2013, the Financial Accounting Standards Board, or FASB, issued ASU No. 2013-04, "*Liabilities (Topic 405): Obligations Resulting from Joint and Several Liability Arrangements for which the Total Amount of the Obligation Is Fixed at the Reporting Date* ." This ASU addresses the recognition, measurement, and disclosure of certain obligations resulting from joint and several arrangements including debt arrangements, other contractual obligations, and settled litigation and judicial rulings. The ASU is effective for public entities for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013.

In March 2013, the FASB issued ASU No. 2013-05, "*Foreign Currency Matters (Topic 830): Parent's Accounting for the Cumulative Translation Adjustment upon Derecognition of Certain Subsidiaries or Groups of Assets within a Foreign Entity or of an Investment in a Foreign Entity* ."

This ASU addresses the accounting for the cumulative translation adjustment when a parent either sells a part or all of its investment in a foreign entity or no longer holds a controlling financial interest in a subsidiary or group of assets that is a nonprofit activity or a business within a foreign entity. The guidance outlines the events when cumulative translation adjustments should be released into net income and is intended by FASB to eliminate some disparity in current accounting practice. This ASU is effective prospectively for fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning after December 15, 2013.

In July 2013, the FASB issued ASU 2013-11, "*Income Taxes (Topic 740): Presentation of an Unrecognized Tax Benefit When a Net Operating Loss Carryforward, a Similar Tax Loss, or a Tax Credit Carryforward Exists*" ("ASU 2013-11"). The amendments in ASU 2013-11 require companies to present an unrecognized tax benefit, or a portion thereof, as a reduction to a deferred tax asset for a net operating loss carryforward, a similar tax loss or a tax credit carryforward, unless the uncertain tax position is not available to reduce, or would not be used to reduce, the net operating loss or tax credit carryforward under the tax law in the same jurisdiction; otherwise, the unrecognized tax benefit should be presented as a gross liability and should not be combined with a deferred tax asset. ASU 2013-11 is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2013 and should be applied to all unrecognized tax benefits that exist as of the effective date. Companies may choose to apply this guidance retrospectively to each prior reporting period presented. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of this update.

### **Note 3 – Going Concern**

The financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates continuity of operations, realization of assets, and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business.

As reflected in the financial statements, the Company had a deficit accumulated during the development stage at September 30, 2013, a net loss and net cash used in operating activities for the interim period then ended. These factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

While the Company is attempting to generate sufficient revenues, the Company's cash position may not be sufficient enough to support the Company's daily operations. Management intends to raise additional funds by way of a public or private offering. Management believes that the actions presently being taken to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenues provide the opportunity for the Company to continue as a going concern. While the Company believes in the viability of its strategy to generate sufficient revenues and in its ability to raise additional funds, there can be no assurances to that effect. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent upon the Company's ability to further implement its business plan and generate sufficient revenues.

The financial statements do not include any adjustments related to the recoverability and classification of recorded asset amounts or the amounts and classification of liabilities that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

#### **Note 4 – Related Party Transactions**

##### Consulting Services from President and Chief Financial Officer

Consulting services provided by the President and Chief Financial Officer were as follows:

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013	For the Period from June 4, 2012 (inception) through September 30, 2013
President	\$ 3,600	\$ 4,400
Chief Financial Officer	3,600	4,400
	<u>\$ 7,200 *</u>	<u>\$ 8,800 *</u>

\* - A portion of consulting services directly related to sales provided by the President and Chief Financial Officer totaling \$5,760 and \$7,040 was reported as cost of revenues for the interim period ended September 30, 2013 and for the period from June 4, 2012 through September 30, 2013, respectively.

#### **Note 5 – Stockholders' Equity**

##### Shares Authorized

Upon formation the total number of shares of all classes of stock which the Company is authorized to issue is seventy-five million (75,000,000) shares of common stock, par value \$.001 per share.

##### Common Stock

During the month of December 2012, the Company sold 5,000,000 shares of its common stock at par to its directors for \$5,000 in cash. During the interim period ended June 30, 2013, the Company sold 3,100,000 common shares at \$0.01 per share for total proceeds of \$31,000.

#### **Note 6 – Subsequent Events**

The Company has evaluated all events that occurred after the balance sheet date through the date when the financial statements were issued to determine if they must be reported. The Management of the Company determined that there were no reportable subsequent events to be disclosed.

## ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS.

### ***Forward-Looking Statements and Associated Risks.***

*The following discussion should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and the notes to those statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. This Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q contains certain statements that are forward-looking within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Certain statements contained in the MD&A are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. The forward-looking statements are not historical facts, but rather are based on current expectations, estimates, assumptions and projections about our industry, business and future financial results. Our actual results could differ materially from the results contemplated by these forward-looking statements due to a number of factors, including those discussed in other sections of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.*

### **Our Business**

Snap Online Marketing Inc. is a full service digital marketing agency. We offer a full range of web services, including web marketing services, social and viral marketing campaigns and search engine optimization (SEO) consulting, custom web design, including CRM (customer relationship management) solutions.

Marketing You Can Measure. Our goal is to enable small businesses to outsource their marketing and advertising service needs to us. We guide the customer through the necessary steps to establish their online presence, generate traffic to their websites and increase direct consumer interaction. We provide consulting on a wide variety of issues, from selection of domain name registrars and hosting providers, to the most cost-efficient and effective marketing strategies.

We generate revenue from sales of our marketing services made directly to small and medium business customers. We acquire customers through direct telemarketing, referrals and our primary website, [www.SnapOnlineMarketing.com](http://www.SnapOnlineMarketing.com), which outlines our service offerings. Snap Online Marketing is a full service digital marketing agency. We generate our revenue by delivering complete marketing solutions to small and medium size businesses. Whether our client needs to develop a social media presence strategy, create a new website or employ innovative online marketing techniques, Snap Online can provide services from across the digital marketing spectrum.

Our current services include:

#### **Marketing**

We offer a wide variety of online marketing service to meet our clients' needs. Our services include:

- Search Engine Optimization
- Pay Per Click management
- Affiliate marketing
- Content creation
- Email marketing
- Conversion Rate Optimization
- Social Media marketing

#### **Strategy**

The foundation of an effective online strategy is based upon an intimate understanding of the offering, the business and its online objectives. Strategy is the starting point of any project. We work with clients to set objectives for each marketing campaign. Using analytics, each campaign is analyzed for its effectiveness. Our marketing strategy planning services include:

- Digital review
- Research & analysis
- Campaign planning

### Social

We enable our customers to create an online presence, which builds their customer base. This enables our clients to keep in touch with their customers, supporters, and other businesses using popular social networks such as facebook, Twitter, and Google+. We employ freelance researchers, bloggers and writers to find relevant information about our clients and writes posts, tweets, and comments which can be posted on relevant social networks. This is used to increase company visibility and create social media interactions with their potential customers. These activities can also help improve our customers' search engine rankings. Our Social services include:

- Strategy development
- Research & auditing
- Social Media guidelines
- Social asset creation
- Brand monitoring
- Social advertising
- Responsive support
- Reporting & analysis

### Website Design.

We offer custom website design services for websites targeted at traditional desktop and laptop users, as well as sites optimized for consumption on mobile devices. Our freelance website design team is composed of experienced web design and creation professionals and graphic designers who create customized websites tailored to the needs and goals of our customers. Our design team can assist with layout as well as content creation and image sourcing. Snap Online offers design services that include:

- Entire website designs
- Homepage refreshes
- Landing & product pages
- Print/Downloadable collateral
- Email templates
- Display banner adverts
- Mobile websites

### Mobile

Snap Online is ideally placed to provide end to end mobile solutions, from developing strategy for your business to designing, developing and marketing your mobile assets.

- Mobile website design
- Mobile & tablet applications
- Mobile marketing

## **Results of Operations**

### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

We were formed on June 4, 2012. As a result, we have provided comparative figures for the period from June 4, 2012 (inception) to September 30, 2012. All revenues, cost of revenues and operating expenses during our fiscal 2012 were affected by the shorter reporting period compared to the full year of operations.

#### *Revenue*

Our gross revenue from online marketing and consulting services for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was \$25,930 (September 30, 2012: \$Nil). Our cost of revenues for the nine months of 2013 was \$16,260 (September 30, 2012: \$Nil) resulting in a gross profit of \$9,670 (September 30, 2012: \$Nil). All of our revenues derived from consulting services related to strategic implementation of a social media campaign and results tracking. To date we rely on our employees and directors who are focused on signing new clients, maintaining and attempting to increase our business with existing clients. As of the date of this quarterly report we had three employees including two of our directors.

#### *Costs and Expenses*

The major components of our expenses for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013 and from inception to September 30, 2012 are outlined in the table below:

	<b>For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013</b>	<b>For the Period from June 4, 2012 (Inception) through September 30, 2012</b>	<b>Increase (Decrease) (\$)</b>
Professional fees	\$ 31,064	\$ -	31,064
Other – general and administrative	14,115	425	13,690
Compensation - officers	1,440	-	1,440
	<u>\$ 46,619</u>	<u>\$ 425</u>	

We commenced our operations in June of 2012 and incurred expenses related to implementation of our business plan. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 we incurred \$31,064 in professional fees, \$14,115 in general and administrative expenses and \$1,440 in officers' compensation. The shorter reporting period in our fiscal 2012 affected categories of operating costs and expenses charged on a monthly basis, such as officer compensation, consulting and rent expenses. The professional fees of \$31,064 were incurred in relation to auditing of our financial statements, filing of our Registration Statement on the Form S-1 with Securities and Exchange Commission, listing on the OTCBB/OTCQB quotation platforms and obtaining DTC eligibility for our common stock. Other expenses for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 represent bank charges of \$46, office expenses of \$605, rent of \$1,464 and consulting fees of \$12,000. Other expenses of \$425 in 2012 represent the company's formation expenditures (legal costs).

The President of the Company provides management consulting services to the Company. We have entered into consulting agreements with Elena Kryukova, our President, and Irina Zagvazdina, our Chief Financial Officer, on November 1, 2012. Either party can terminate these contracts with a sixty (60) day advance written notice. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013, management consulting services of \$720 were charged to operations.

The Chief Financial Officer of the Company provides consulting services to the Company. During the nine-month period ended September 30, 2013, consulting services of \$720 were charged to operations. A portion of consulting services directly related to sales provided by the President and Chief Financial Officer totaling \$5,760 and \$7,040 was reported as cost of revenues for the interim period ended September 30, 2013 and for the period from June 4, 2012 through September 30, 2013, respectively.

Since inception, we have sold 5,000,000 shares of common stock at \$0.001 per share to our Directors for total proceeds of \$5,000.

#### **Liquidity and Capital Resources**

	<b><u>September 30, 2013</u></b>	<b><u>December 31, 2012</u></b>
Current Assets	\$ 18,686	\$ 13,678
Current Liabilities	\$ 20,357	\$ 8,924
Working Capital	\$ (1,671)	\$ 4,754

#### Liquidity

As of September 30, 2013 we had working capital deficiency of \$1,671 compared to working capital of \$4,754 as of December 31, 2012.

Management believes that in the fiscal year 2013 the Company will show an increase in revenue however, there is no guarantee that revenues will increase. Management does believe that revenues are increasing and operations should be sustainable in the long-term of at least twelve (12) months due to the increase in cash flow generated by revenues from consulting services. In addition, we intend to use the proceeds from the Offering to finance our ongoing operations and implementation of our short-term (12 months) business plan.



If we are not successful in expanding our clientele base, maintaining profitability and positive cash flow, additional capital may be required to maintain ongoing operations. We have explored and are continuing to explore options to provide additional financing to fund future operations as well as other possible courses of action.

Such actions include, but are not limited to, securing lines of credit, sales of debt or equity securities (which may result in dilution to existing shareholders), loans from our directors or other third parties, and other similar actions. There can be no assurance that we will be able to obtain additional funding (if needed), on acceptable terms or at all, through a sale of our common stock, loans from financial institutions, our directors, or other third parties, or any of the actions discussed above. If we cannot sustain profitable operations, and additional capital is unavailable, lack of liquidity could have a material adverse effect on our business viability, financial position, results of operations and cash flows.

### Cash Flows

The table below, for the period indicated, provides selected cash flow information:

	<b>For the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013</b>	<b>For the Period from June 4, 2012 (inception) through September 30, 2012</b>
Cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (36,729)	\$ -
Cash used in investing activities	\$ -	\$ -
Cash provided by financing activities	\$ 31,000	\$ -
Net decrease in cash	\$ (5,729)	\$ -

### ***Cash Flows from Operating Activities***

Our cash flows from operating activities of \$(36,729) (September 30, 2012: \$Nil) is a net result of cash generated from sales of our online marketing services and changes in our current assets and liabilities. This portion of our cash flow represents the most significant source of funding for our operations. The major uses of our operating cash include funding general operating expenses (legal and professional expenses, consulting, travel, office expenses and office rent) and cost of revenues.

Cash flows resulting from changes in assets and liabilities for the nine months ended September 30, 2013, include an increase in accounts receivable and accounts payable and accrued liabilities, the increase in accrued officer compensation and a decrease in prepaid expenses and security deposits. The decrease in prepaid expenses and security deposits was due to the decrease in prepaid office rent as of September 30, 2013. The increase in accounts receivable was due to outstanding as of September 30, 2013 receivables from our clients that were collected subsequent to the quarter end. The increase in amounts due to related party represent accrued management consulting fees incurred by the Company with our officers and directors that remained unpaid as of September 30, 2013.

### ***Cash Flows from Investing Activities***

We did not generate any cash from investing activities during the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

### ***Cash Flows from Financing Activities***

During the period from June 4, 2012 (Inception) through December 31, 2012 the Company sold 5,000,000 shares of common stock at par to the Company Directors for \$5,000 in cash.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, the Company's Registration Statement on the Form S-1/A filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission was declared effective. The Company sold 3,100,000 common shares at \$0.01 per share for total proceeds of \$31,000 pursuant to this Registration Statement.

**Recent Accounting Pronouncements**

See Note 2 to the Financial Statements.

**Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

As of September 30, 2013, we did not have any significant off-balance-sheet arrangements, as defined in Item 303(a)(4)(ii) of Regulation S-K.

**ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK.**

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act and are not required to provide the information required under this item.

**ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES.****Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, we have conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures, as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based on this evaluation, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded as of the evaluation date that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective such that the material information required to be included in our Securities and Exchange Commission reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms relating to our company, particularly during the period when this report was being prepared.

Additionally, there were no significant changes in our internal controls or in other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the evaluation date. We have not identified any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in our internal controls, and therefore there were no corrective actions taken.

**PART II – OTHER INFORMATION****ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS.**

Currently we are not involved in any pending litigation or legal proceeding.

**ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS.**

We are a smaller reporting company as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and are not required to provide the information under this item.

**ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS.**

None.

**ITEM 3. DEFAULTS UPON SENIOR SECURITIES.**

None.

**ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES.**

Not applicable.

**ITEM 5. OTHER INFORMATION.**

None.

## ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

The following documents are filed as a part of this report or are incorporated by reference to previous filings, if so indicated:

### EXHIBIT

#### NUMBER DESCRIPTION

3.1	Articles of Incorporation. Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on February 4, 2013.
3.2	Bylaws. Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on February 4, 2013.
4.2	Subscription Agreement. Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on February 4, 2013.
10.1	Consulting Agreement, C.E.O. Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on February 4, 2013.
10.2	Consulting Agreement, C.F.O. Incorporated by reference to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-1 filed with the SEC on February 4, 2013.
31.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
31.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rules 13a-14(a) and 15d-14(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.1	Certification of the Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
32.2	Certification of the Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.*
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document **
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document **
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document **
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document **
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document **
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document **

\* - Filed herewith.

\*\* - XBRL (Extensible Business Reporting Language) information is furnished and not filed or a part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, is deemed not filed for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and otherwise is not subject to liability under these sections.

### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Date: November 8, 2013

**SNAP ONLINE MARKETING INC.**

By: /s/ Elena Kryukova  
Elena Kryukova  
President, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) and Director

In accordance with the Exchange Act, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of Snap Online Marketing Inc. and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

<u>SIGNATURES</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>DATE</u>
<u>/s/ Elena Kryukova</u> Elena Kryukova	<u>President, C.E.O. and Director</u>	<u>November 8, 2013</u>
<u>/s/ Irina Zagvazdina</u> Irina Zagvazdina	<u>Treasurer, Secretary, C.F.O., Principal Accounting Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Director</u>	<u>November 8, 2013</u>

**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Elena Kryukova, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Snap Online Marketing Inc. for the nine months ended September 30, 2013;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: November 8, 2013

By: /s/ Elena Kryukova  
Elena Kryukova  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION OF PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING OFFICER  
PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE  
SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Irina Zagvazdina, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Snap Online Marketing Inc. for the nine months ended September 30, 2013;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal controls over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):
  - a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: November 8, 2013

By: /s/ Irina Zagvazdina  
Irina Zagvazdina  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Snap Online Marketing Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Elena Kryukova, Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer) of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: November 8, 2013

By: /s/ Elena Kryukova  
Elena Kryukova  
Chief Executive Officer  
(Principal Executive Officer)

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**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Snap Online Marketing Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2013, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Irina Zagvazdina, Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer) of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: November 8, 2013

By: /s/ Irina Zagvazdina  
Irina Zagvazdina  
Chief Financial Officer  
(Principal Financial Officer)

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